## VOLUME V

# FRIDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 7, 1879.

# NUMBER 52

JUST OPENED ONE DOOR

EAST OF Dr. A. C. Duke's Drug Store,



Who will keep constantly on Land a FULL and CC PLETE stock of Hardware, u ffery, Pistols. And Sporting

Goods of every description.

Also all kinds of Repairing done on the shortest notice to Guns, l'istols, Locks, Umbrellas, and

#### SEWING MACHINES

Done up and Adjusted. All goods and work warranted to give entire satisfaction in quality work manship and price. Thanking my friends for past patronage

I hope to merit a continunce of the same in the future.

P. G. CANNON. 1878 CARRIAGES BUGGIES

#### AND WAGONS

I am now giving my PERSONAL ATTENTION to my Business of

ARREST CHEST STATES And will guarantee that my work in the future shall be as GOOD as in the past forty years that I have been in the business.
I have

REDUCED MY RELES To SUIT the TIMES, and if you will call on me I will guarantee that my charges and work will give full SATISFACTION. I am now prepared to manufacture the

DEXTER SPRING:BUGGY Which for comfort and ease cannot be ex-celled. ALSO

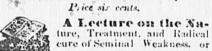
Constantly on hand ROSE WOOD and BURIAL CASES Of all sizes. Give me a cail. HARPIN RIGGS.

PRESCRIPTION FREE!

detion or excess. Any Druggist has the ingre-ficuts. Dr. W. JAQUES & CO., No. 130 Yest Mixth Steect, Cincinnatt, O.

THE GREAT CAUSE

H UMAN MISERY. Just Published in a Scaled Envelope. Price sir cents.



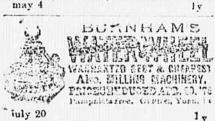
Spermatorrhoa, induced by Self-Abuse. Involuntary Emissions, Impotency, Nervous Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, &c.-Consumption, Epilepsy, and ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D. author of the 'Green Book," &c.
The world-renowned author, in this ad-

mirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of Self-Abuse may be effectually removed without medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments rings, or cordials; pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself-heaply, private y and radically.

Des This Lecture will prove a boon to

usunds and thousands. Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, on receipt of six cents, or

o postage stamps. Address the Publishers THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO. 41 Ann St., New York; Post Office Box 4686



# DENTISTY

DR. B. F. MUCKENFUSS has

moved his Office over store of Wm. Wilcock, formerly occupled by Dr. Fersner where he will be glad to serve his friends on the most reasonable terms.

DR. B. F. MUCKENEUSS, Dentist.

# TAKE NOTICE.

The undersigned respectfully informs the Citizens of the Town and County that he is prepared todo up and make Mattresses on the shortest notice. Also will conduct an Upholstery business. Prices will be as low as possible. Orders solicited.

JOHN ORGEN.

1 y



#### Patrons Aid Association.

Notice is hereby given that a specia meeting of the Patr ns Aid Association, o S. C., will be 'held in the Basement of the Presbyterian Church, in the town of Orangeburg, S. C., on Saturday the 8th day of February 1879, at 10 o'clock A. M.

Members are earnestly requested to be in attendance, as amendments to the Constitution and By-laws will be up for consider tion and adoption.

By Order of

WM. F. BARTON, President of Board of Directors. WM, S BARTON, Sceretary.

Notice to Contractors.

OFFICE COUNTY COMMISSIONER'S, ORANGEBURG COUNTY.

The Lake or hollow Bridges (about six-teen in number) at the Bamberg Crossing on South Edisto River will be let out, to be built, to the lowest bidder on the 18th day of February next, at i2 o'clock M., at the Bridge by the County Commissioners. By Order of the Board. T. R. MALONE,

jan 24

NOTICE. The Annual Meeting of the Share Holders the Orangeburg Agricultural and Me chanical Association will be held on the 8th day of Feburary 1879, (being the second Saturday) at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of electing seven Directors to serve as such for the year commencing on second Saturday in February 1879 and ending on the second Saturday in February 1880, and for such other and further build ness as may be brought before said Meeting N. B.—All Shareholders are requested outlend said Meeting.

By Order. J. L. HEIDTMAN Sec. and Treas , O. A. and M. A. January 21st 1879.

NOTICE. OFFICE OF SCHOOL COMMISSIONER

ORANGIBURG COUNTY. Orangeburg, S. C., Jan. 13, 1879. Notice is hereby given that all Fre Schools now running in this County are ordered to close on the first of February If any Funds are then remaining we pro pose opening the Schools earlier in the

D. L. CONNOR, School Commissioner,

# For Sale.

Valuable Town property--Three Store Lot No. 1 on corner of Russel an i Trad well St.

Lot No. 2 on Passel St. next to lot No

Lot No. 3 on Railroad Avenue, one Farm of S acres with one House on it.
A good Brick Yard of S acres.

for terms apply to MES. M. B. TRADWELL.

NCTICE.
It is made the duty of the Marshals to Clean, Light and Keep in Good Condition. the Street Lamps of the Town. On and after this date any Lamp found in bad order. ter his date any Lamp forms in our order, nucleaned or unlighted whenever it is necessary that the same should be lighted, the Marshal whose duty it is to attend to the same will be fined in the sum of fifty cents for each and every neglect of found so uncleaned, in bad order or un-

By order of the Mayor. T. R. MALONE, Clerk Conneil, Jan. 14th. 1879.—18 tf

## Dissolution of Copartnership.

Notice is bereby given that the partner-dip between JOHN C. PIKE and JOAB MOSELEY, was dissolved on the first day of January, A. D. 1879, by mutual consent. All debts due to the said partnership are to be paid to, and those due from the same discharged by JOHN C, PIEE who will continue the business at the old stand under his own name

C. PIKE. J. W. MOSELEY. Orangeburg, S. C., Jan. 2, 1879.—jan 4 t



The PHYSIOLOGY OF MARRIAGE The PRIVATE MEDICAL ADVISER at are really Guides and Pelf-Instructors in all naining to Manhood and Monanhood, and supply fold. The two books embrace, easily understood. The two books embrace, easily understood.

to. St. Louis Journal.

POFT LAR PRICES - 60 cts. each both in one volume, \$1; in cloth am gilt, 25 cts. extra. Sent under seal, o receipt of price in money or stamps.

自相日期习 apr'l 27 The Remedy of .se 19th Contary



AGENTS WANTED FOR THE ic torial HISTORY OF THE WORLD

#### The School Question.

The closing of the public schools last week by order of the School Commissioner has attracted our attention to this subject. That our school Orange Township alone there is a lina as in Boston in New York or in debt from last year of some \$600 ad ded to the already large debt in conse quence of the schools having been run longer than the appropiation could meet, and the consequence is that a number of teachers who worked faithfully perhaps cannot be paid without extra appropriation.

The object of our present school authorities is to guard against this difficulty, and, if the funds admit, to reopen the schools earlier in the fall. This is certainly the best that can be done under the circumstances; and under our present free school system

But we would ask, cannot the whole system be changed for the better? To a complish much good the schools must be kept open a longer time. The utilizing, and in some degree perfecting the school system is a subject worthy the attention of our best thinkers. For a child to go to school two or three months and stop nine or ten is almost uscless. When he returns in the fail he will have to commence about where he initiated in horse racing. started at first.

To us it seems that it would be better to have fewer, larger and betto have so many schools kept open only three months. We are aware that the distance to water will be interposed as an objection, but we the racing round every Sunday afternot be compensated by the greater advantage of better teachers and the langer duration of instruction, both of which the money appropria ed would then procure.

There is too much effeninacy nowadays, in bringing up children If an education is appreciate la moderate walk will not become a barrier. We know of gentlemen whose sons and daughters are now discricts could be divided.

teachers to accept a situation for three months. but they will for nine We know we have some good teach ers, but we want all good,

Reduce the number of schools to the Township, instead of the number of months taught; incorporate the months, and employ the best teachers. and we are inclined to think that the cause of public education will be reformed in the State.

### Results of the Blaine Investiga tion.

The Democrats can well afford to go to the country on the evidence taken by the Committee. They can do this, because the evidence, assuming the witnesses on both sides to be equally credible, will satisfy everybody who can be satisfied by any evidence (1) that both the Radicals and the Democrats had the means of voting fraudulently; (2) that tickets which could have been fraudulently used were polled by both parties; (3) that no irregularity is even indicated in extent sufficient to change the result of the elections; (4) that there was no maining or killing, either before or during the election and that only a couple of fisticuff fights took place in all Charleston; (5) that the intimidation was sporadic and not general, and wherever practiced was pushed farthest by the colored Radiagainst colored Democrats; (6) that the color line is so broken that white and colored Democrats go on the same raid, and that, while colored Radicals tear the shirts from the backs of colored Democrats, the

of the colored people towards the not take legal action against them. straint they vote the Democratic ticket by thousands. This is enough. It is a complete poswer to Mr. Blaine authorities acted wisely in this mat- and his following. The elections are Philadelphia, there is less rowdy ism and fighting. We are satisfied.

News and Comper.

#### An Unexported Race.

Pompey discovered that these races were on the tapk, and he resolved to enter his master's horse on his own account, for he felt sure that old Morgan could teat anything in the shape of horsefles that could be produced in that sater. So on the very next Sunday evening he hid tha bridle under his incket, went out into the pasture and caught the horse, and then rode off towards the spot where the wicked ones were congregated. Here he found sime dozen horses assembled and the meing was about to commence. Pomp mounted his beast, and at the signal he started. Old Morgan entered into the spirit of the thing, and came out two rods ahead of everything. Poinp wen quite a pile, and before dark he was well

I omp succeed d in getting home without exciting any suspicions, and he now longed for the Sabbath afterter schools, well graded, and kept noon to come, for he was determined open the time required by law, than to try it again. He did go again, and again he won; and this course of wickedness he followed up for two months, making his appearance upon would ask if this di-advantage would noon, as soon as he could after "meeting was out." And during this time Pompey was not the only one the had learnest to love the meing. No, for old Morgan himselfhal come to love the excitement of the thing, too, and his very motion when upon entered into the spirit of the game.

once to put a stop to the wickedass. During the week he made many inmiries, and he learned that this thing had been practised all summer on deeds of iniquity.

On the following Sabbath, after dinner, Mr. Ridewell ordered Pomp to bring up old Morgan and put him in the stable. The order was obey ed, though not without many misgiv ings on the part of the faithful negro. As soon as the afternoon services were closed, the two deacons and some others of the members of the church accompanied the minister home, with their horses.

"It is the most fragrant piece of abomination that ever came to my knowledge,' said the indignant elergyman, as they rode on.

"It is, most assuredly," answered one of the deacons.

"Horse-racing on the Sabbath!" uttered the minister.

"Dreadful!" cchoed the second deacon.

And so the conversation went on until they reached the top of a gentle eminence which overlooked the plain where the racing was carried on, and where some dozen horsemen, with a score of tookers-on, were assembled. The sight was one which chilled the good parson to his soul. He remained motionless, until he had made out the whole alarming truth, then turning to his companions:

"Now, my brothers," said he, "let us ride down and contront the wicked colored Democrats make things even wr tches, and if they will down upon by levelling pistols at the head of the | their knees and impiore God's merey, idolized Smalls; (7) that the feeling ' and promise to do so no more, we will | gentlemen.

Democracy is kindly in the extreme, O, that my own land should be and that without persecution or con- desecrated thus!" for it was indeed a section of his own farm.

As the good clergyman thus spoke, he started on towards the scene. The horses of the wicked men were just ter is proved by the fact that in as free and as houest in South Caro- drawing up for a start as the minister approached, and some of the riders who at once recognized "old Morgan," did not recognize the reverend gentleman who rode him.

"Wicked me. !" commenced the parson, as he came near enough for his voice to be heard, "children of sin heartfelt happiness nor contentment, and shame-"

"Come or, old hess," cried one of the jockeys, running towards the minister. 'If you are in for the first race, you must stir your stumps. Now we go."

"Alas! O, my wicked-" "All ready!" shouted he who led in the affair, cutting the minister

short. "And off it is." And the word for starting was given. Old Morgan knew that word too well, for no sooner did it fall upon his cars than he struck out his nose, and with one wild snort he started, and the rest of the racers,

twelve in number, kept him company "Who-oa! who os oa!" cried the parson, at the top of his voice.

"By the powers, old fellow, you're a keen one !" shouted one of the wicked men, who had thus far managed to keep close by the side of the parson. "You ride well."

"Who ho-ho o-o! who-a oa!" yelled the elergyman, tugging at the reigns with all his might.

## A Difference.

The Conference of the African Methodist Church held here last week was in striking contrast to that of the colored branch of the Northern Methodist Church held at Greenville at the same time. The former was a qui et, orderly body, dealing shame. A young man who eats bread the track showed how zealously he only with religious su bjects, doing and saying nothing that savored of But these things were not always politics, while the latter was just the to remain a secret. One Sunday a contrary. Bishop Gilbert Haven, pious deacon beheid this racing from Dr. Fuller, Dr. Webster and other regularly walking four miles to at. a distance, and straightway went to whites present did all they could to tend our private schools in town. If the parson with the alarming intelli- fire the negroes' hearts against the the Townships are too large the school gence. The Rev. Mr. Ridewell was whites among whom they live. The utterly shocked. His moral feelings Greenville News states that Dr. Ful It is difficult to find competent were outraged, and he resolved at ler, Editor of the Christian Advocate, of Atlanta, addressed the Conference Saturday. Speaking of the late election in this State he mentioned Edge field; said the whole population of every Sabbath afternoon. He bade that County, male and female, was his parishioners keep quiet, and he only about 7,000, yet the Democrats told them that on the next Sunday claimed a majority of 7,000 This graded system; keep them open nine he would make his appearance on the the reverend doctor said was "a very spot and catch them in their wicked, huge and stupendous lie." Bishop Haven followed in the same strain. Rev. A. Webster told of a colored man who was offered \$3,000 to vote the Democratic ticket; he prayed over it, and determined to refuse the offer and vote the Republi -

The African Methodist Conference is by far the more respectable body of the two. - Newberry Herald.

# What it Costs to Smoke.

What it costs to smoke is shown by the following computation, up on the basis of a weekly expenditure of \$1. amount, \$26, being brought in as capital at the end of every six months, at 7 per cent. per annum, compound interest. It amounts to, at the end

5 years; \$304 96; 10 years, \$735 15; 15 years, \$1,341 97; 20 years, \$2,-103 91; 25 years, \$3,405 37; 30 years, \$5,108 56; 35 years, \$7,511 08; 40 years, \$10,900 07; 45 years, \$15,-680 59; 50 years, \$22,423 98; 55 years, \$31,936 19; 60 years, \$45,354-11; 65 years, \$71,281 41; 70 years, \$90.980 22; 75 years, \$128,641 J4; 80 years, \$181,773 12.

Col. A. Dudley Mann, the ex+Confederate statesman, now lives, selfexiled, upon a beautiful estate in the forest of Chantilly, near Paris. He is very infirm, but retains the gracious manners of the old-school

## The Struggle for Wealth.

The great struggle with civilize !

people in this world is for wealth. This is called prime good, the one thing needful, the great dis deratum of life. So men toil for it; deceive, cheat, defraud for it. Give time, strength and often good health for it. The truth is, the estimate put on wealth is too high. Its good, its value is over rated. It is not the best thing men can have. It does not confer peace of mind nor purity of the heart, no home joy, no social blessedness. nor any of the solid and enduring enjoyments. Wealthy homes are lappier than those of the poor and comfortable livers. Poverty is always an evil; but a fair supply of the necessaries and comforts of life is quite as apt to confer real peace as great wealth. It is not gold nor goods, therefore, that make men really wealthy. The best wealth is of the heart, an enlightened mird, a loval conscience, pure affections. II : is the wealthier who has the larger stock of wisdom, virtue and love-whose heart beat with warm sympathies for his fellow-men-who finds good in all seasons, all provinces and all men Tha generous man who pities the unfortu nate; the poor man who resists temptation; the wise man who orders well his life; clings closely to his family and friends; the studious man who seeks instruction in allthings, are the truly wealthy men.

#### Poor and Proud.

Young men out of business are frequently sadly hampered by pride. Many young men who go West take more pride than money, and bring back all the pride and no money at all. A young man who works for his board, no matter what honest work he does, has no reason for of idleness, no matter how much money he has, is disgraced. Young men starting in life ought to aim first of all to find a place where they can earn their bread and butter with hoe, axe, spade, wheel-barrow, curry comb, blacking brush-no matter how. Independence first. The bread and butter question settled, let the young man perform his duty so faithfully as to attract attention, and let him constantly keep his eyes open for a better chance. About half the poor, proud young men, and twothirds of the poor, discouraged young men are always out of work. The young man who pockets his pride and carries an upper lip as stiff as a cast iron door-steps scraper, need not starve, and stands a good chance to become rich.

## Sherman at Atlanta

The News and Courier thus comments upon the circumstance of Gen. Sherman's visit to Atlanta last

The placid indifference with which the people of Atlanta have treated the visit of Gen. Sherman to their city is worthy of all praise. They have neither sought him nor shunned him. They have not even taken pains to conceal their very natura curiosity to behold the man who has played a very conspicuous, if not an altogether honorable, part in the history of the times, and especially in the history of their city. Atlanta, in this instance, is the representative of the South, and the incidents of Gen. Sherman's visit to that city are a striking illustration of the fact that with us the war is a thing of the past. which, although it will never be forgotten, will also never be revived.

## Printing Frauds.

There is no doubt that in the fat days of Radicalism one of the greatest sources of fraud was the printing appropriation. It now appears from Maurice's testimony before the Teller Committee that Swails and his Republican Printing Company of Williamsburg were making a good thing of it among themselves.